METROPOLITAN PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT D/B/A THE GREAT RIVERS GREENWAY DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District St. Louis, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-9 and 30-31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Additional Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures – General Fund on pages 32-33 is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures – General Fund is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures – General Fund is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 10, 2014 on our consideration of Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Romerahl Tollow + Co. Pc

St. Louis, Missouri June 10, 2014

The management discussion and analysis of Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2013 (FY13). The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should review the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Summary

Notable facts for 2013 are as follows:

- The District's net position of \$85.4 million increased by \$7.5 million or 10%.
- The net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, decreased to \$47.4 million, a decrease of \$19.4 million or 29%. The decrease is an approximate net result of an increase in District wide capital investments of over \$9 million and of the CityArchRiver 2015 project debt issuance of \$30 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$37.2 million, an increase of \$27.9 million in comparison with the prior year. The increase reflects the issuance of bonds for the CityArchRiver 2015 project for \$30 million and the retirement of the current FY13 portion of the 2007 bond issue. The unassigned fund balance is \$3.6 million and is available for spending at the District's discretion.

Financial statement reports included are:

- 1. Statement of Net Position
- 2. Statement of Activities
- 3. Balance Sheet Governmental Funds
- 4. Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
- 5. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds
- 6. Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those financial statements. The statements are prepared and organized in accordance with industry standards (GASB) so the reader can understand the financial information of the District as a whole. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at the District's specific financial condition.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregated view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those assets. Those two statements report the District's net position and the changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the District, non-financial information such as the condition of the District's capital assets also needs to be evaluated.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. The District has one category of funds, the governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of a government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information in the governmental funds is presented by fund in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The District's general fund and debt service fund are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate performance compared with this budget.

Following the financial statements are Notes to the Financial Statements which provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

In addition to the financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Included is a comparison of the actual results of operations of the District's general fund to the budget adopted by the District's Board of Directors.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position for 2013 compared to 2012.

December 31,		
	2013	2012
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 41,604,464 <u>101,001,000</u>	\$ 14,066,292 <u>91,337,302</u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>142,605,464</u>	\$ <u>105,403,594</u>
Current and other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 7,617,711 49,619,739	\$ 3,856,660
Total Liabilities	_57,237,450	27,457,491
Net Position Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	47,411,261 33,455,808 4,500,945	66,825,439 2,968,041 <u>8,152,623</u>
Total Net Position	85,368,014	77,946,103
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ <u>142,605,464</u>	\$ <u>105,403,594</u>

Table 1Condensed Statement of Net PositionDecember 31,

The increase in total net position is primarily the result of capital outlay expenditures capitalized in the Statement of Net Position in excess of depreciation expense.

Current assets increased \$27.5 million from last year primarily due to the issuance of debt for the CityArchRiver 2015 project, which was held as restricted cash at December 31, 2013.

Capital assets increased primarily as a result of net capital outlay for MPRD projects of \$9.7 million.

Overall, total assets increased \$37.2 million.

Overall, total liabilities increased \$29.8 million due to the issuance of \$30 million in bonds for the CityArchRiver 2015 project.

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for the year ended December 31, 2013 as compared to the year ended December 31, 2012.

Table 2Changes in Net PositionYear Ended December 31,

			Percentage
	2013	2012	Change
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 462,411	\$ 464,222	(0.4%)
Capital grants and contributions	3,315,074	2,540,627	30.5%
General revenues			
Sales taxes	14,764,542	10,237,167	44.2%
Investment earnings	2,982	47,873	(93.7%)
Total Revenues	<u>18,545,009</u>	<u>13,289,889</u>	39.5%
Expenses			
Project planning and development			
Operations			
Salary and fringe benefits	275,253	343,726	(19.9%)
Contractual and professional services	328,599	251,639	30.6%
Office and support	170,146	155,325	9.5%
Space and occupancy	107,488	88,562	21.4%
Depreciation	4,423,331	3,520,020	25.7%
Project expenses in process	4,175,848	1,840,880	126.8%
Interest and fiscal charges	1,353,465	1,081,721	25.1%
Total Expenses	<u>10,834,130</u>	7,281,873	48.7%
Increase in Net Position	\$ <u>7,710,879</u>	\$ <u>6,008,016</u>	(28.3%)

The increase in net position is a combined result of increased sales tax revenues in the fourth quarter for initial receipt of the $3/16^{th}$ of a cent sales tax in connection with Proposition P and a large increase in project expenses.

The current year MPRD projects include: Boschert Greenway, Busch Greenway, Centennial Greenway, Chouteau Greenway, Confluence Greenway, Dardenne Greenway, Gravois Creek Greenway, Maline Greenway, Meramec Greenway, Mississippi Greenway, Missouri River Greenway, River Des Peres Greenway, Shady Creek Greenway, St. Vincent Greenway, Sunset Greenway, and Western Greenway, as well as collaborative planning projects. Project expenses include various grants to agencies that oversee the development projects as well as significant professional fees in the areas of acquisition costs, legal fees, architectural and design consultation, consulting fees, etc.

Contractual and professional services include legal fees, public relations, graphic design and various consulting fees which increased in 2013 due to an increase in consultant fees for public relations and organizational changes with the increased exposure and District changes from Proposition P.

Salaries comprise of 76% of Salary and Fringe Benefits.

Several capital construction projects were started in FY13 and will be completed in FY14 which accounts for the large increase of \$2.3 million in Project Expenses in Process.

Budgetary Highlights

The District adopts an annual operating budget including capital outlay. Budgeted sales tax revenues were 10.4 million and actual sales tax revenues were 14.8 million due to the initial collection of the new $3/16^{\text{th}}$ of a cent sales tax.

Actual expenditures of \$19.1 million were budgeted over two to three calendar years and do not reflect overspending but a timing difference of when projects were budgeted and contracts were awarded versus payment on those contracts.

Capital Assets

Table 3Capital AssetsDecember 31,

	2013	2012
Land	\$ 25,179,250	\$24,991,519
Construction in process	26,755,870	16,926,631
Improvements (net of A/D)	48,983,396	49,312,605
Equipment and furniture (net of A/D)	82,484	106,547
	\$ <u>101,001,000</u>	\$ <u>91,337,302</u>

As of December 31, 2013, the District's capital assets amounted to \$101 million, net of accumulated depreciation. Before depreciation, there was an increase during the year of \$14.1 million. The increase results primarily from construction in process and land improvements related to the MPRD projects.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note C in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Economic Factors

On April 2, 2013, voters in the City of Saint Louis, Missouri and Saint Louis County, Missouri passed Proposition P, which is a regional $3/16^{\text{th}}$ of a cent sales tax increase for the Safe and Accessible Arch and Public Parks Initiative. The funds from this sales tax increase are statutorily allocated as follows:

- 40% to the City of Saint Louis and Saint Louis County to make much needed improvements and maintenance upgrades to their parks and facilities to make the region's parks safe and accessible to users of all abilities.
- 30% to benefit the CityArchRiver 2015 project, which seeks to enhance the Arch experience for everyone by creating a park over the highway, restoring lawns and landscapes, and revitalizing Kiener Plaza and the riverfront. The project will improve safety and access for everyone.
- 30% to the District to continue to carry out parks and trails projects to make the St. Louis region a better place to live by ensuring access to nature and the outdoors for all residents through projects such as the River Ring, the Gateway Bicycle Master Plan, and the District's annual grant process.

Requests for Additional Financial Information

This financial report will provide a general overview for everyone with a concerned interest in the District's finances. Please address questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information to the Deputy of Administration, Great Rivers Greenway District, 6174A Delmar Boulevard, Saint Louis, Missouri 63112.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2013

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash and temporary investments	\$	1,543,361
Receivables		
Sales tax		4,681,299
Interest		206
Grants		1,913,280
Prepaid expenses		23,201
Restricted cash and temporary investments		33,443,117
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		
Land		25,179,250
Construction in process		26,755,870
Site and leasehold improvements		48,983,396
Equipment and furniture		82,484
Total Assets		142,605,464
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		3,518,483
Accrued expenses		39,321
Accrued interest		89,907
Long term debt:		
Due within one year		3,970,000
Due in more than one year		49,619,739
Total Liabilities		57,237,450
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		47,411,261
Restricted for:		
Debt service		2,990,758
CityArchRiver 2015 Project		30,362,480
Program		102,570
Unrestricted		4,500,945
Total Net Position	\$	85,368,014

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

			Program Reven	ues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Program	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Total Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Project planning and development - operations, project expenses, and depreciation	\$ 9,480,665	\$ 462,411	\$-	\$ 3,315,074	(\$ 5,703,180)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,353,465	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(1,353,465)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 10,834,130	\$ 462,411	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 3,315,074	(7,056,645)
	General revenues Sales taxes Investment earn	ings			14,764,542 2,982
	Total Othe	r Revenues and	Transfers		14,767,524
	Chan	ges in Net Positi	ion		7,710,879
	Net Position - Beg	ginning (restated	1)		77,657,135
	Net Position - End	ling			\$ 85,368,014

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2013

	ASSETS		
		Debt	Total
	General	Service	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,543,361	\$ -	\$ 1,543,361
Receivables			
Sales tax	4,681,299	-	4,681,299
Interest	147	28	175
Grants	1,006,314	-	1,006,314
Prepaid expenditures	23,201	-	23,201
Restricted cash and			
temporary investments	874,301	32,568,816	33,443,117
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Total Assets	\$ 8,128,623	\$ 32,568,844	\$ 40,697,467

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 3,518,483	\$ -	\$ 3,518,483
Accrued expenses	11,321		11,321
Total Liabilities	3,529,804		3,529,804
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable			
Prepaid expenditures	23,201	-	23,201
Restricted			
Debt service	-	3,080,665	3,080,665
CityArchRiver 2015 Project	874,301	29,488,179	30,362,480
Program	102,570	-	102,570
Unassigned	3,598,747		3,598,747
Total Fund Balances	4,598,819	32,568,844	37,167,663
Total Liabilities and			
Fund Balances	\$ 8,128,623	\$ 32,568,844	\$ 40,697,467

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	37,167,663
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Some grants receivables will be collected this year, but they are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, therefore are deferred in the fund statements.		906,966
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$119,577,547 and the accumulated depreciation is \$18,576,547.		101,001,000
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, therefore are not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.	(28,000)
Some interest receivable will be collected this year, but it is not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, therefore is deferred in the fund statements.		31
Bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	(53,440,000)
Interest accrued on bonds has not been reported in the governmental funds but is reported in the Statement of Net Position.	(89,907)
Premiums related to bond issuance are recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds but are recorded as liabilities and amortized over the life of the bonds in the Statement of Net Position.	(149,739)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	85,368,014

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES	+					
Sales tax	\$	14,764,542	\$	-	\$	14,764,542
Investment income		7,349		331		7,680
Contributions and grants		4,384,979		-		4,384,979
Charges for services		462,411		-		462,411
Total Revenues		19,619,281		331		19,619,612
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Salaries and fringe benefits		272,253		-		272,253
Contractual and professional services		328,599		-		328,599
Office and support		170,146		-		170,146
Space and occupancy		107,488		-		107,488
Capital Outlay						
Project expenses - non-capitalized		4,175,848		-		4,175,848
Project expenses - capitalized		14,087,029		-		14,087,029
Debt Service						
Principal retirements		-		1,200,000		1,200,000
Interest and fiscal charges				1,364,557		1,364,557
Total Expenditures		19,141,363		2,564,557		21,705,920
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		477,918	(2,564,226)	(2,086,308)
OTHER FINANCING (USES) SOURCES						
Transfers (out) in	(2,075,122)		2,075,122		-
Bond issue proceeds				30,000,000		30,000,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,597,204)		29,510,896		27,913,692
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		6,196,023		3,057,948		9,253,971
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	4,598,819	\$	32,568,844	\$	37,167,663

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 27,913,692
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Some contribution and grant revenue will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, thereafter it is not considered as available resources in the governmental funds when earned, but rather when received. The revenue is recorded in the Statement of Activities when earned.	(1,069,905)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. This is the difference between depreciation expense of \$4,423,331, and expenditures for capital outlay of \$14,087,029 for 2013.	9,663,698
Some interest income will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year end, thereafter it is not considered as available resources in the governmental funds when earned, but rather when received. The income is recorded in the Statement of Activities when earned.	(4,698)
In the Statement of Activities compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In governmental funds, however, these expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid).	(3,000)
The governmental funds report debt (e.g. bond) proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The net effect of these differences in treatment of debt and related items is as follows:	
Bond proceeds(30,000,000)Repayment of bonds1,200,000Amortization of bond premium11,092	(28,788,908)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,710,879

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District (the "District") was established in November 2000 by the successful passage of the Clean Water, Safe Parks, and Community Trails Initiative in St. Louis City, St. Louis County, and St. Charles County, Missouri. The District is a corporate and political subdivision established by Section 67.1700 et seq. RSMo. The primary purpose of the District is to develop, implement, manage, and administer a public system of interconnecting trails and parks throughout the counties comprising the District, section 67.1706 RSMo. The District shall supplement other public parks and recreation entities within the District for development, operation, and maintenance of its public systems.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors. The Board is in charge of the affairs of the District and employs an administrative staff to manage the District's activities. The administrative staff is responsible for incorporating the various Board actions and policies into the daily affairs of the District.

In accordance with section 67.1754 RSMo, the District's administrative expenses are limited to fifteen percent of the sales tax revenue collected. The District is in compliance with this State statute.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

Generally accepted accounting principles require the financial reporting entity to include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of the relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in Governmental Accounting Standards have been considered and there are no other agencies or entities which should be presented with the District.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting unit as a whole. These statements distinguish between activities that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. The District has no business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities at year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program of the District's governmental activities. District expenses are those associated and clearly identifiable to a particular function. Amounts reported as program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as other revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the other revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities into separate funds in order to aid in financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. The focus is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column while non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. All of the District's funds are considered to be major funds.

The major funds of the District are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the periodic payment of principal, interest, and fiscal charges on general long-term debt.

A. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District's Debt Service Fund was created through enabling legislation when it was authorized to issue the sales tax appropriation bonds. Restricted fund balances are in the Debt Service Fund and General Fund.

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District does not have any Committed fund balances.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or through the Board of Directors delegating their responsibility to the Executive Director through the budgetary process. The District does not have any Assigned fund balances.

Unassigned – This classification includes residual fund balance for the General Fund as well as negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The District would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities, whether current or noncurrent, are reported.

The fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included in the balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. The fund financial statements use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Measureable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end, except for expenditure-driven grants for which the availability period is one year. Sales taxes, interest, and certain grants are susceptible to accrual. Miscellaneous revenue items, which are not susceptible to accrual, are recognized as revenues only as they are received in cash. Expenditures, including capital outlay, are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt which are reported when due.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted Cash and Investments

Restricted cash and temporary investments represent amounts whose use is limited by legal requirements and consist of amounts restricted for the future repayment of bond principal and interest.

Compensated Absences

Employees earn vacation during the year which may accumulate to a maximum of ten days. Accrued vacation is payable to employees upon termination. A liability for accrued vacation is recorded in the government-wide statements. Sick leave benefits for all employees do not vest and, accordingly, are recorded as expenditures when paid.

Contributed Services

Contributed or donated services are recognized as contributions if the services (a) create or enhance non-financial assets or (b) require specialized skills, are performed by people with those skills, and would otherwise be purchased. At December 31, 2013, no contributed services were recorded.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at their fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Site and leasehold improvements	5 - 15 years
Equipment and furniture	3 - 10 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

Project Expenses

Project expenses include certain salaries, benefits, and office and supporting expenses identifiable with the development of a specific project. Project expenses also include expenses incurred for marketing and maintenance of the District's trails and parks.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-Term Liabilities

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental activities are reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term obligations consist of sales tax appropriation bonds.

Long-term liabilities are not due and are not payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported in three components – invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted, and unrestricted. Invested in capital assets net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balance of any bonds or notes issued to acquire, construct, or improve those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either by the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position amounts reported as unrestricted do not meet the definition of either of the first two categories of net assets. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved and unreserved. Reserved fund balances are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Revenues

The District is funded by a one-tenth of one cent sales tax on all retail sales subject to taxation. The tax revenue is collected and held by the St. Louis County Treasurer for credit to the District, pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 RSMo. Sales taxes received by the District in January and February which represent tax on retail sales for November and December have been accrued and reported as sales tax receivable.

On April 2, 2013, voters in the City of Saint Louis, Missouri and Saint Louis County, Missouri passed Proposition P, which is a regional 3/16th of a cent sales tax increase for the Safe and Accessible Arch and Public Parks Initiative.

Grants are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as deferred revenue.

A. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables within the governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through June 10, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard and Prior Period Adjustment

As a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 65 *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* the District has restated the beginning net position in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, effectively decreasing net position as of January 1, 2013 by \$288,968. The decrease results from no longer deferring and amortizing bond issuance costs.

B. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

The cash deposits and temporary investments are summarized and presented in the financial statements as follows as of December 31, 2013:

Carrying amount of deposits	\$33,990,900
Investments	
	\$ <u>34,986,478</u>
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,543,361
Restricted cash and temporary investments	<u>33,443,117</u>
	\$ <u>34,986,478</u>

Deposits

Missouri statutes require that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount at least equal to uninsured deposits. At December 31, 2013, the carrying amount of the deposits under District control was \$33,990,900 and the bank balance was \$34,428,441. All District deposits were covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the name of the District.

Investments

All investment decisions of the District are recommended by the District's Investment Officers and made in accordance with the Investment Policy adopted July 24, 2007. The primary objectives of the Investment Policy, in priority order, are safety, liquidity, and yield. In addition to collateralized deposits, the District is authorized to invest in U.S. Treasury and agency securities, repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, and commercial paper. The investment policy requires that securities underlying repurchase agreements be limited to U.S. Treasury and agency securities.

The District had the following investments and maturities at December 31, 2013:

	Fair	Investment Maturities		
Туре	<u>Value</u>	0 to 1 year	<u>1 to 4 years</u>	
U.S. Government and agency securities	\$ <u>995,578</u>	\$ <u>995,578</u>	\$	
	\$ <u>995,578</u>	\$ <u>995,578</u>	\$	

B. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. All investments must mature and become payable within five years from the date of purchase. Also, the District's investment policy requires that the weighted average maturity of all investments not exceed three years.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investments were not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

Concentration of Credit Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to losses arising from concentration of investments, the District's investment policy mandates that the portfolio not have a concentration of assets in a specific maturity, specific issuer, or specific class of securities. At a minimum, diversification standards by security type and issuer are established as follows: (a) U.S. treasuries and securities guaranteed by the U.S. government – 100%; (b) collateralized time and demand deposits – 100%; (c) U.S. Government agencies, and government sponsored enterprises, with no more than 40% of total agency holdings to be in the securities of any one issuer – 75%; (d) collateralized repurchase agreements – 50%; (e) U.S. Government agency callable securities – 30%; (f) bankers' acceptances, with no more than 5% of the total market value of the portfolio invested in bankers' acceptances issued by any one commercial bank – 20%; and (g) commercial paper – 5%.

During 2013, none of the District's investments in any one issuer represent 5% or more of the total investments (excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

B. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. At December 31, 2013, the District's investment of \$995,578 was held by the investment's counterparty in the District's name.

C. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Balance, January 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance, December 31, 2013
		Additions	Deductions	2013
<u>Governmental Activities</u>				
Capital Asset Not Being Depreciated:			_	
Land	\$24,991,519	\$ 187,731	\$-	\$ 25,179,250
Construction in process	<u>16,926,631</u>	<u>14,699,881</u>	(<u>4,870,642</u>)	26,755,870
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	<u>41,918,150</u>	<u>14,887,612</u>	(<u>4,870,642</u>)	51,935,120
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Site and leasehold improvements	63,291,025	4,064,507	-	67,355,532
Equipment and furniture	290,184	5,552	(286,895
-1			()	
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	<u>63,581,209</u>	4,070,059	(67,642,427
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Site and leasehold improvements	(13,978,420)	(4,393,716)	_	(18,372,136)
Equipment and furniture	(13,970,120) (183,637)	$({29,615})$	8,841	$(_204,411)$
Equipment and furniture	(-105,057)	()	0,0+1	()
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(<u>14,162,057</u>)	(_4,423,331)	8,841	(
Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u>91,337,302</u>	\$ <u>14,534,340</u>	(\$ <u>4,870,642</u>)	\$ <u>101,001,000</u>

D. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Balance January 1,			Balance December 31,	Due Within
Description and Purpose	2013	Issued	Retired	2013	One Year
Sales tax appropriation bonds 2007 Sales tax appropriation bonds 2013 Bond premium	\$24,640,000 	\$ 30,000,000 	\$1,200,000 - 11,092	\$23,440,000 30,000,000 149,739	\$1,245,000 2,725,000
	\$ <u>24,800,831</u>	\$30,000,000	\$1,211,092	\$53,589,739	\$3,970,000

On June 1, 2007, the District issued \$30,000,000 in sales tax appropriation bonds; \$23,760,000 were issued as serial bonds, and \$6,240,000 were issued as term bonds. The serial bonds carry interest rates of 3.5% and 5.0% and are due in varying installments through 2024. The term bonds carry an interest rate of 4.25% and are due in 2027. All term bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in prescribed amounts before the maturity dates. The bonds were issued to finance certain capital improvement projects of the District. Principal and interest on the sales tax appropriation bonds will be paid from the annual appropriation of sales tax revenues by the Debt Service Fund.

The annual requirements to amortize the 2007 sales tax appropriation bonds as of December 31, 2013, including interest payments, are as follows:

Years Ended			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 1,245,000	\$ 987,288	\$ 2,232,288
2015	1,305,000	936,288	2,241,288
2016	1,370,000	875,938	2,245,938
2017	1,420,000	813,288	2,233,288
2018	1,475,000	755,388	2,230,388
2019-2023	8,460,000	2,722,826	11,182,826
2024-2027	8,165,000	711,556	8,876,556
Total	\$ <u>23,440,000</u>	\$ <u>7,802,572</u>	\$ <u>31,242,572</u>

On December 31, 2013, the District issued \$30,000,000 in sales tax appropriation bonds. These serial bonds carry an interest rate of 2.1% and are due in varying installments through 2023. The bonds were issued to finance certain capital improvement projects of the District. Principal and interest on the sales tax appropriation bonds will be paid from the annual appropriation of sales tax revenues by the Debt Service Fund.

D. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the 2013 sales tax appropriation bonds as of December 31, 2013, including interest payments, are as follows:

Years Ended December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 2,725,000	\$ 630,000	\$ 3,355,000
2015	2,785,000	572,775	3,357,775
2016	2,845,000	514,290	3,359,290
2017	2,900,000	454,545	3,354,545
2018	2,965,000	393,645	3,358,645
2019 - 2023	15,780,000	1,008,000	16,788,000
Total	\$ <u>30,000,000</u>	\$ <u>3,573,255</u>	\$ <u>33,573,255</u>

E. **RETIREMENT PLAN**

The District has a deferred compensation plan and a matching contribution plan covering all regular employees. The deferred compensation plan allows for deferral of compensation into the plan on a pre-tax basis. The matching contribution plan allows the District to make matching contributions equal to a percentage of the employees' pre-tax contributions made under the deferred compensation plan. The District has discretion whether to make matching contributions for a year, and to vary the percentage of matching contribution for years in which it decides to make matching contributions. Currently, matching contributions are equal to 100% of the employee pre-tax contributions to the deferred compensation plan up to 5% of compensation. Pension expense for 2013 was \$33,792.

F. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The District leases its office space under a noncancelable operating lease that expires in April 2020. At December 31, 2013, the future minimum rental payments under this lease are as follows:

Years Ended	
December 31,	
2013	\$123,528
2015	130,576
2016	134,100
2017	134,100
2018	138,700
2019-2020	<u>188,000</u>
	\$ <u>849,004</u>

Rent expense was \$97,698 for the year ended December 31, 2013.

G. TRANSFERS

The District transferred \$2,075,122 from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund for the payment of principal and interest on the sales tax appropriation bonds.

H. **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To mitigate these risks, the District has purchased commercial insurance policies and is covered for general liability claims and property damage. There have been no significant reductions in coverage for the year and there were no settlements in the current year.

I. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The District is not a party to any known legal proceedings. If any exist that the District is not aware of, in the opinion of District management, the potential loss on all claims and lawsuits will not be significant to the District's financial statements taken as a whole.

I. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Construction

The District currently has construction contracts for the development of interconnecting trails and parks throughout the counties comprising the District. The remaining commitment to complete those contracts was \$32,556,138 at December 31, 2013. Of this remaining balance, the District expects \$15 million to be reimbursed through federal grant funding.

Grants

The District receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claim will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at December 31, 2013.

J. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On March 6, 2014, the District issued 2014 sales tax appropriation bonds in the amount of \$55,949,601 maturing December 30, 2033 with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%. The purpose of the bonds is to fund the CityArchRiver 2015 Project.

REQUIRED

S U P P L E M E N T A R Y

INFORMATION

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL -GENERAL FUND - UNAUDITED For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

				Variances - Positive (Negative)	
	Budgeted	Amounts		Original	Final
	Original	Final	Actual	to Final	to Actual
REVENUES					
Sales tax	\$ 10,389,191	\$ 10,389,191	\$ 14,764,542	\$ -	\$ 4,375,351
Investment income	150,000	150,000	7,349	-	(142,651)
Contributions and grants	-	-	4,384,979	-	4,384,979
Miscellaneous income	450,000	450,000	462,411		12,411
Total Revenues	10,989,191	10,989,191	19,619,281		8,630,090
EXPENDITURES Current					
Salaries and fringe benefits	507,392	507,392	272,253	-	235,139
Contractual and professional services	335,084	335,084	328,599	-	6,485
Office and support	204,500	204,500	170,146	-	34,354
Space and occupancy	92,928	92,928	107,488		(14,560)
	1,139,904	1,139,904	878,486	-	261,418
Project expenses	14,040,928	14,040,928	18,262,877		(4,221,949)
Total Expenditures	15,180,832	15,180,832	19,141,363		(3,960,531)
Excess of Revenues (Under)					
Over Expenditures	(4,191,641)	(4,191,641)	477,918	-	4,669,559
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfers (out)	<u>-</u>		(2,075,122)	<u> </u>	(2,075,122)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>(\$ 4,191,641)</u>	(\$ 4,191,641)	(1,597,204)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,594,437
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year			6,196,023		
FUND BALANCE, End of year			\$ 4,598,819		

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2013

A. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

As set forth in the Bylaws of the Board of Directors, the District's Executive Director shall present an annual budget to the Board no later than November 15th for the next fiscal year. The annual budget shall contain an operating and capital budget outlining revenues and expenditures for current operations and for approved capital projects. The Board shall approve the annual budget with or without modification no later than December 15th.

A D D I T I O N A L

SUPPLEMENTARY

INFORMATION
Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

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OPERATIONS	
Salaries and Fringe Benefits	
Salaries	\$ 206,028
Payroll taxes	26,203
Fringe benefits	40,022
Total Salaries and Fringe Benefits	\$ 272,253
Contractual and Professional Services	
Accounting and auditing fees	\$ 26,720
Legal fees	23,566
Professional fees	278,313
Total Contractual and Professional Services	<u>\$ 328,599</u>
Office and Support	
Advertising	\$ 5,480
Auto expenses	6,745
Dues and subscriptions	9,307
Equipment rental	21,458
Insurance	13,164
Miscellaneous	3,538
Postage and shipping	3,145
Printing	5,747
Promotional items	6,964
Software maintenance	34,663
Supplies	31,386
Telephone	25,799
Travel and parking fees	2,750
Traver and parking rees	2,750
Total Office and Support	\$ 170,146
Space and Occupancy	
Rent	\$ 97,698
Maintenance and cleaning	9,790
Total Space and Occupancy	\$ 107,488

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2013 (Continued)

OPERATIONS	
Project	
Boschert Greenway	\$ 151,005
Busch Greenway	76,768
Centennial Greenway	630,786
Chouteau Greenway	97,751
Confluence Greenway	4,072,408
Dardenne Greenway	2,151,638
Gravois Creek Greenway	268,780
Maline Greenway	371,064
Meramec Greenway	329,885
Mississippi Greenway	226,731
Missouri River Greenway	2,103,189
River Des Peres Greenway	5,213,657
Shady Creek Greenway	209,075
St. Vincent Greenway	890,889
Sunset Greenway	18,243
Western Greenway	99,895
Collaborative planning	 1,351,113
Total Project	\$ 18,262,877

METROPOLITAN PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT D/B/A THE GREAT RIVERS GREENWAY DISTRICT

OMB CIRCULAR A-133 SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS DECEMBER 31, 2013

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 6 Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 7 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs 8 Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District St. Louis, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District 31, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material misstatement of an entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Al Treloa + Co, Mc

St. Louis, Missouri June 10, 2014



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Directors Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District St. Louis, Missouri

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2013. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States*, *Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or combination of over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District (the "District") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated June 10, 2014, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

hhmend Trelvar + Co. Pl

St. Louis, Missouri June 10, 2014

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended December 31, 2013

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of the Interior – National Park Service			
Great Rivers Greenway Pedestrian Bridge Project	15.XXX (GA6520-M001	\$ <u>2,247,569</u> *
Total U.S. Department of the Interior – National Park Service			<u>2,247,569</u>
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed-through Missouri Department of Transportation			
Transportation	TDG-	0705(33) Projec	et 2 703,172
	STP-5401(663) 185,512		
	FHWA FY 2011 TIGER		
		Grant No. 24	40,500
	Ι	DP-5602(604)	30,020
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		959,204
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			959,204
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ <u>3,206,773</u>

* Major Program

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended December 31, 2013

A. **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recognized when the related fund liabilities are incurred. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures for federal programs are recognized using the accrual basis of accounting and the cost accounting principles contained in the OMB Circular A-122, *Cost Principles for Non-Profit Organizations*. Under those cost principles, certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

C. CFDA NUMBER

Included in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a grant provided by the United States Department of the Interior through the Office of the National Park Service. As of the date of this report, the Great Rivers Greenway Pedestrian Bridge Project grant has yet to be issued a Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance ("CFDA") number.

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended December 31, 2013

- (1) Summary of Auditors' Results
 - (1) The type of report issued on the financial statements: **unqualified opinion**.
 - (2) Significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the Financial Statements: **no**. Material weaknesses: **no**.
 - (3) Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: **no**.
 - (4) Significant deficiencies in internal control over major programs: **no** Material weaknesses: **no**.
 - (5) The type of report issued on compliance for major programs: **unqualified opinion**.
 - (6) Any audit findings which are required to be reported under Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133: **no.**
 - (7) Major program: Great Rivers Greenway Pedestrian Bridge Project, #15.XXX
 - (8) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000.
 - (9) Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under Section 530 of OMB Circular A-133: yes.
- (2) There were **no** findings relating to the financial statements reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in the United States of America.
- (3) There were **no** findings and questioned costs related to federal funding.

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended December 31, 2013

NONE



June 10, 2014

Board of Directors Metropolitan Parks and Recreation District d/b/a Great Rivers Greenway District 6174 Delmar Blvd #2 Saint Louis, MO 63112

It is our practice to submit comments to management on accounting procedures and other matters that come to our attention in conjunction with performing audit procedures. The following points reflect suggestions for growth. The suggestions are based on observations made during our audit of your financial statements as of December 31, 2013. The following comments are not the result of a special study and are incidental to our audit. The following points have been discussed with the staff at Metropolitan Parks and Recreation District d/b/a Great Rivers Greenway District (the "District") and the suggestions may be at various stages of implementation.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the second paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District June 10, 2014 Page 2

COMMENTS FROM PRIOR YEAR

PROCUREMENT POLICY ADHERENCE

Observation

We selected several purchases incurred by the District during the year ended December 31, 2012 and tested whether all aspects of the existing procurement policy in the District's General Operating Procedures policies were being followed. We noted three instances with no documentation that the bidders who were not awarded the available contract were notified of that fact. We also noted situations where the procurement policy was not followed due to extenuating circumstances, and this policy deviation was not documented. The extenuating circumstances appeared to be valid and following the policy would have been inappropriate or impossible.

Recommendation

When it is not feasible to follow the procurement policy, such as in instances where there will be a conflict of interest probability or there are specific vendor requirements for a certain project or purchase, document in the file the reason the procurement policy did not apply to that specific contract or purchase. Document notification to those vendors who are not awarded the contract.

Status

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we tested additional purchases noting, the District began documenting notification of bidders who were not awarded the contract and began documenting any extenuating circumstances resulting in a deviation from policy. This comment is considered implemented.

SUBMIT REIMBURSEMENT REQUESTS ON A QUARTERLY BASIS

Observation

Certain District projects are funded, in part, by Federal cost-reimbursement grants. The grants allow the District to request reimbursement on a periodic basis as qualifying grant expenditures are incurred. Currently, requests for reimbursement are submitted on an irregular and infrequent basis. As a result, other District funds must be used to finance the project until Federal funds are received.

Recommendation

The prior auditors recommended the District submit requests for reimbursement on a monthly or quarterly basis. More timely submission of reimbursement requests will free up District resources for other projects or allow District resources to be invested earning more income for the District.

Status

The District continues to analyze expenditures regularly, and is making efforts to submit requests for reimbursement on a monthly or quarterly basis. There were discrepancies to be researched regarding reimbursement requests and the timing of when the expenditure was incurred. We continue to recommend the District prepare quarterly expense reimbursements and reconcile the expenditures with the Federal grants.

Metropolitan Park and Recreation District d/b/a The Great Rivers Greenway District June 10, 2014 Page 3

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This report is not based upon a complete survey of all phases of operating and management controls. It does, however, direct attention to certain areas we believe to be especially worthy of management consideration, which came to our attention during our audit of the December 31, 2013 financial statements.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, and others within the organization and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Sincerely,

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SCHMERSAHL TRELOAR & CO., PC Certified Public Accountants